

THE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, JUNE 9

WHICH IS THE REFORM PARTY?

The New York Herald calls the Republican congressmen "obstructive republicans." They were just that way from 1861 to 1865, and many times since. The Herald would have had no United States to send out its complaints to if it were not for the people who elected them. The loyal masses of people expect republican congressmen to be "obstructive." That is one of the things they are for.

There never was a time in the history of the democratic party when its false pretenses were more clearly proven than by its record during the past three years. These facts remain—

That the party has not reduced the surplus;

That it has not reduced the expenditures;

That it has not inaugurated a single reform;

That not in a single department of the government have the rights or interests of the people been regarded or defended; That in no branch of the public service has there been greater economy than practiced by republican administrations.

The democratic platform says:

Debauched by the immense temptation, the remedy of the republican party is to meet and exhaust by extravagant appropriations and expenses, whether constitutional or not, the accumulation of extravagant taxation. The democratic policy is to enforce frugality in public expense and abolish unnecessary taxation.

In answer to this plank in the platform of the democracy, the Gazette will not use the words of any republican speaker or newspaper, but the testimony of Henry Watterson, of the Louisville Courier-Journal, the man who reported the platform to the national democratic convention. Here is an arraignment of the democratic party which is quite as severe as anything the republican party could say, and the reader must remember that it was published in the Courier-Journal, just before the assembling of the convention. Listen to the voice of the great democratic leader who was so conspicuous in the national convention:

"Four years have passed with democrats in control of the executive departments, a working majority in the house of representatives and a tie in the senate, yet in these four years the democrats have failed to pass through the lower house a bill to relieve the people from war taxes which have paralyzed business, crippled industry and deprived labor of employment and just reward. What a mockery it would be for a national democratic convention in 1888 to denounce the republican party for a failure to reduce crushing war taxes!"

And yet the national democratic convention in 1888 did denounce the republican party for a failure to "reduce the crushing war taxes," while the democratic party has not done a single thing in the way of fulfilling its promise of reform.

Again, the democratic platform speaks of democratic economy. But look at the postal service. The postoffice appropriation bill calls for six million dollars more than ever before. To justify this enormous increase there ought to be a marked addition to the efficiency of the service, but the way irregularity and inefficiency have been growing there is little ground for hope. The complaints are growing in number and the inefficiency more marred as the time passes, though the cost of the service is largely in excess of anything ever known under republican management. The Gazette has heretofore printed the testimony of democratic newspapers which goes to show that the postal service is now in a worse condition than ever before known.

In the face of these facts, which is the reform party—the republican party which has inaugurated every reform known under the government, or the democratic party which has never fulfilled a single pledge?

SUFFRAGE AND PROHIBITION.

Several days ago the Gazette announced the result of the contest in the national prohibition convention on the suffrage question, and at that time published some statements that have been verified by Mr. John M. Olin, of Madison, who was a delegate to the convention, and who made a splendid speech against tying the suffrage question to that of prohibition. Since then, Miss Frances E. Willard, who was a strong advocate of the suffrage plank, has written a letter to the Chicago News, which was evidently written to mislead the public.

Among other things Miss Willard told the News that the delegates "on a division sustained the suffrage resolution with but 38 dissenting votes in a convention of 1,032 members. In answer to this, Mr. Olin writes an interesting letter to the Chicago News, in which he says:

I am much surprised that Miss Willard should deem it necessary to make such a statement as this. Enough of wrong and injustice had already been done to those who favored dropping the suffrage question as a national issue. Does Miss Willard suppose that any person who at least that convention thinks for a moment that this number fairly represents the minority? Does she not know that at least thirty delegates from Wisconsin were opposed to the plank; that the delegates from New Jersey—the home of Willard—were nearly evenly divided; that those from Colorado, Utah, Rhode Island and Connecticut were almost unanimously opposed; that a majority of those from Indiana opposed the plank; that those from New York, Pennsylvania and other states were seriously divided on the question; that some fifteen states and territories favored the plank proposed by me and that they were Willard that they did not agree with the majority report of the committee on platform who would advocate a more radical plank on suffrage, which, as

she said, and as a part of the threat, the convention would undoubtedly adopt? If Miss Willard knew these facts—and I can't see how she could have been ignorant of many of them—does she suppose that she would make such a statement as that the suffrage plank was carried in that convention by a unanimous vote—save thirty-eight—a just, fair statement and one calculated to promote the success of the prohibition party?

Miss Willard's statements regarding the suffrage question and the prohibition convention, her letters from Tennessee last September concerning the progress of the prohibition campaign in that state, and some of her speeches in Michigan during the spring of 1887, give strong evidence that she is fast learning the tricks of unscrupulous politicians; and the Gazette congratulates Mr. Olin on his courage and wisdom in answering Miss Willard on one point which needed an answer.

DEATH BY ELECTRICITY.

Hanging for murder will be abolished in the state of New York after January 1, 1889. For all murders in the first degree committed after that date, where a conviction is had, the mode of death shall be by electricity. The new law provides that a prisoner sentenced to death shall be immediately conveyed by the sheriff to one of the state prisons, and there kept in solitary confinement until the day of execution, to be visited only by officers or by relatives, a physician, his clergyman or counsel. The court delivering the sentence shall name the week within which the execution shall take place, the day of execution being left to the discretion of the principal officer of the prison.

It will be seen from this that the questionable custom of proclaiming the day of execution in all the newspapers weeks before it takes place, will be abolished, and that the act of taking a criminal's life will be done with becoming decency. In recommending the passage of the bill, Governor Hill, in his message to the legislature in 1886, said:

"The present mode of executing criminals by hanging has come down to us from the dark ages, and it may well be questioned whether the science of the present day cannot provide a means for taking the life of such as are condemned to death in a less barbarous manner. I commend the suggestion to the consideration of the legislature."

The attention of scientific men was attracted to the subject by this message, and in 1886 a commission was appointed by the legislature to investigate and report the most humane and practical method of carrying into effect the sentence of death in capital cases. It is certainly a reform which will meet with popular favor.

On one important point which ought to be seriously considered during the coming campaign, the Boston Herald says:

The campaign of personal slander and vilification has opened early this year. We had about as much of it in 1884 as we wanted, and now at the St. Louis convention some democratic opponents of Mr. Cleveland have scattered broadcast a dirty circular accusing him of all sorts of misconduct since his entrance into the white house and since his marriage. We have no sympathy with this kind of business. The perpetrators of it ought to be arrested and locked up. Not that it will do Mr. Cleveland any harm, because the animus of it is too clear, but it is a disgrace to our politics that such vile slanders are started up and put in circulation. They make the last presidential campaign disgusting, and they will make a stain upon the one of this year without, in our judgment, changing any votes or doing any good whatever.

This disgraceful vilification, begun so early in the campaign, is the work of democrats and not of republicans. If there is any one thing which the good Lord should deliver us from during the coming campaign, it is from a disgusting warfare of personal slander and mud-throwing. The campaign of 1884 was demoralized beyond all calculation, and let us have no more of it.

It comes in an official way from Philadelphia, that on the first Sunday of the new calendar law in that city, that only four licensed saloons were found open by the police, and the number of arrests for "drunk and disorderly" was only thirty-four. On the Sunday previous, the arrests were one hundred and thirty-eight, and they had averaged over one hundred for this cause every Sunday for a long time. We wish our third-party prohibition friends would take a sober-minded and practical view of the question to regulate and restrict the liquor traffic until such time that the saloon could be done altogether. Wouldn't that be better than to oppose all restriction, and by such a policy postpone the deliverance of politics and society for the saloon curse?

Four years ago a clause of the democratic platform read as follows: "That change is necessary is proved by an existing surplus of more than \$100,000,000, which has yearly been collected from suffering people." The new democratic platform reads as follows: "The money now lying idle in the federal treasury resulting from superfluous taxation amounts to more than \$125,000,000, and the surplus collected is reaching the sum of more than \$50,000,000 annually."

To which the Chicago Journal remarks—"It is \$100,000,000 in 1884, and is \$125,000,000 now, there seems to be some mistake as to its having increased at the rate of \$50,000,000 a year. But that is a small thing in a democratic platform which is only for campaign use." The Journal should make due allowance for the contradictory statements of the democratic platforms. A convention that isn't sober can't frame a clear-cut straight-forward platform.

St. Paul Pioneer Press. Next to the selection of a confederate for the second place on the ticket, the nomination of Thurman ranks them all.

ates. A life-long democrat like Thurman, and all of his kind, have been unfaltering, pro-slavery, anti-war, and counter-revolution, free-trade, flat-money democrats.

A CYCLONE'S FURY.

Further Details of the Recent Storm in Canada.

HAVOC CREATED BY THE WHIRLWIND.

Great Trees Broken as Easily as Pipes—Crops Badly Damaged—A Number of Lives Thought to Have Been Lost.

WIND-SWEPT CANADA.

OTTAWA, Ont., June 8.—This cyclone and thunder-storm which burst over this vicinity Wednesday afternoon lasted nearly an hour, doing enormous damage and causing the loss of three lives so far as known. The city proper was not in the direct path of the wind, which was to the west, blowing at a speed of over eighty miles an hour, snapping trees of two foot diameter like twigs, crushing barns like egg-shells, and unroofing dozens of houses in Rochester, Billings, Billings and other places in the district. The city proper was not in the direct path of the wind, which was to the west, blowing at a speed of over eighty miles an hour, snapping trees of two foot diameter like twigs, crushing barns like egg-shells, and unroofing dozens of houses in Rochester, Billings, Billings and other places in the district. The city proper was not in the direct path of the wind, which was to the west, blowing at a speed of over eighty miles an hour, snapping trees of two foot diameter like twigs, crushing barns like egg-shells, and unroofing dozens of houses in Rochester, Billings, Billings and other places in the district.

John Mulligan, aged 43, was killed by falling timbers in a barn in which he had taken refuge. The inmates at the Protestant Hospital, partially destroyed yesterday, are doing well. They are in a large flat of the building. The telegraph and telephone wires are badly demoralized and many townships over which the storm traveled and yet to be heard from. The loss will reach upward of \$1,000,000.

IN THE HOUSE.

SEN Working on the Tariff Bill—Canadian Canal Tolls.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The House yesterday adopted Mr. Dingley's (Me.) resolution calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to whether any order is now in force by which vessels from United States ports are required to pay less tolls in passing through the Wellfleet and other Canadian canals, when they pursue their voyage by way of the St. Lawrence and Montreal, than when they pursue their voyage by way of Lake Ontario to American ports, and whether additional legislation is necessary to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to impose additional tolls upon vessels passing through the St. Lawrence and St. Clair rivers, canal-bound to Canadian ports, in case the dominion authorities continue discrimination against vessels bound to American waters.

THE SUGAR REFINERIES.

Glass Spectacles Given Some Interesting Figures Regarding the Capacity of the Outside the Trust.

PHILADELPHIA, June 8.—Mr. Claus Spreckels yesterday, in speaking of the sugar industry, said there were several large refineries outside the trust. Among them the California sugar refinery of San Francisco, with a daily capacity of 1,200,000 pounds; the Harrison & Freizer, with about 1,500,000; E. C. Wright & Co., with about 500,000. The new refinery here will produce 3,000,000 pounds a day, making 5,000,000 or 5,500 tons a day produced by refineries out of the trust. The consumption of sugar in the United States is 1,500,000 tons yearly. The refineries out of the trust will produce 570,000 tons a year for the refineries in the trust. The four refineries out of the trust have a greater capacity than the twenty in the trust.

Killed by Lightning.

DETROIT, Mich., June 8.—Lightning struck the house of Julius Becker, a prosperous German farmer, wrecking the building and killing his daughter and seriously injuring both him and his wife. The latter may not recover.

Death of a Noted Musician.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 8.—Prof. William Michler died at his residence in this city yesterday of paralysis of the brain. He was 62 years old, and had acquired a national reputation as a musical composer and director.

Uncle Sam's Sailors.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 8.—Commenced today exercises were held at the Naval Academy yesterday. Governor Knott, of Kentucky, delivered the oration. Secretary of the Navy Whitney presented the diplomas.

Crossed the Dark River.

DETROIT, Mich., June 8.—Mayor A. T. Hays, president of the Detroit National Bank for thirteen years, died suddenly yesterday of apoplexy, aged 69 years.

Bad Season for Furs.

CHICAGO, June 8.—Jacobson & Perlson, dealers in furs at 232 Randolph street, have failed. The liabilities will reach about \$10,000.

FOILED BY BRAVE MEN.

Daring Attempt to Rob a Train Near Cincinnati.

ATTACKED BY A GANG OF TRAMPS.

Fifteen Shots Fired, the Baggageman Receiving a Fatal Wound—One of the Robbers Thrown from the Train.

NO PRISONER SECURED.

CINCINNATI, June 8.—A little after 10 o'clock last night the American Express messenger, J. H. Zimmermann, and baggage-master Joe Ketchum were alone together in the express and baggage car of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis & Chicago railway train which is due here at 11 o'clock, city time. Zimmermann, when the train left Delhi, a station twelve miles west of here, called Ketchum's attention to some tramps that he saw through the glass window of the car door leading to the front of the platform, next to the locomotive tender. Both men arose and went toward the front door. When within ten feet of it the tramps began firing through the window. Ketchum fell shot in four places, two balls entering his abdomen, one in his breast and one in his left shoulder. Zimmermann tried to draw his pistol, but it stuck in his hip pocket and he retreated to the rear platform of the car, where he met the conductor.

The latter pulled the bell-rope and stopped the train. While this was going on one of the tramps climbed on the tender, where he was met by the engineer and fireman and knocked off by two blows from a monkey-wrench. The engineer and fireman then rolled him off the tender while the train was at full speed. Before he was thrown overboard, however, a second robber attempted to climb on the tender, but weakened and dodged back to the sight of the protective force of his companions. Before the train stopped more than one robber was seen to jump off and disappear in the darkness.

All of them wore masks, completely covering their faces. Not a word was spoken by the robbers during the entire affray, and not a shot was fired at them. Indeed, that was not possible under the circumstances. The night was very dark and Zimmermann and Ketchum, supposing them to be tramps, went with a lantern to the front door and gave the miscreants every advantage. Had they waited instead of firing, the men would have opened the door and would have been cut off in their power. They fired not less than fifteen shots, and the robbers were seen to jump off and disappear in the darkness.

The police, mounted and on foot, aided by a large force of citizens, are patrolling the river front and scouring the country to intercept the scoundrels. The sheriff is out with a large posse. A train with thirty policemen went down from here by rail, starting at 10 o'clock. They were given many mounts of possible down at Delhi. The Kentucky authorities have also been notified to be on the lookout.

J. H. Zimmermann, the express messenger, says the men were expert robbers. He says they were of large caliber and that they seemed cool and courageous. Joseph Ketchum is now under the care of surgeons. His wounds are fatal. The man handling of the train was not hurt. The suspect had been arrested.

ACTIVITY IN BUSINESS.

The Outlook Hopeful by Reason of Good Weather and Improved Crop Prospects.

The Fallures.

NEW YORK, June 8.—The seasonable weather and improved crop prospects have caused increased activity in general business, and reports disclose a more hopeful tone due in part to the fact that the tariff changes are likely to be made this year. Money is plentiful at cheap rates, and there are no further apprehensions of gold exports. Grain is lower, but slightly higher, and pork unchanged, while the stock market is dull, with a small recovery in prices.

The business failures for the week number for the United States 207 and for Canada 24, a total of 231, against a total of 335 for the preceding week and 172 for the corresponding week of 1887. The failures on the Pacific coast were still exceptionally numerous, numbering 42.

Peto McCarty Sentenced.

NEW ORLEANS, June 6.—Peto McCarty, the counterfeit, came up in the United States court Tuesday for sentence. McCarty was indicted for carrying on of passing counterfeit bills and raising bills. He said a few words, claiming the evidence in the case was not sufficient to convict him. Judge Billings sentenced him to pay a fine of \$5,000 and serve ten years in hard labor in the penitentiary. He will be taken to the Columbus (O.) prison.

A Double Explosion.

BRANDON, Pa., June 8.—The boiler of an engine on the farm of Edwin Mickleley at Maple Grove, Lehigh County, exploded yesterday morning and was immediately followed by the explosion of 35 pounds of dynamite and a quantity of powder which was stored in the engine house. Mr. Mickleley's barn, erected at a cost of \$5,000, was completely wrecked. Window panes a half-mile distant were broken.

Snubbed the Knights.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 8.—At the morning's session of the Appalachian Association of Iron and Steel Workers, the resolution to extend fraternal greetings to the Knights of Labor from workers also in session here, was rejected. The Knights of Labor delegates are indignant at the refusal of the Appalachian Association to return greetings.

A Destructive Cyclone at Granada.

GRANADA, Nicaragua, June 2.—A cyclone of great severity swept over this place on the night of the 21st inst. The heavy rains inundated the south portion of the city, destroying churches, schools, and other buildings. The train which was on the morning of the 21st jumped the track at Fortescue. Five persons were killed and five were injured.

REMINDERS OF OUR NEXT SPECIAL SALE,

SATURDAY, JUNE 9TH.

Summer Underwear, Summer Hosiery & Jackets.

200 JACKETS—Another purchase of 200 Street Jackets compels us to make a still deeper cut in prices than we made a few weeks ago. The reason is this. The season for them is advancing, and rather than carry them over we will sell them now when there is a demand though it be at a loss. Jackets that were advertised then at \$2.50, we will cut to \$1.50. Jackets that were advertised then at \$3.00, we will cut to \$2.00. Jackets that were advertised then at \$4.00, we will cut to \$3.00. Jackets that were advertised then at \$5.00, we will cut to \$4.00. Never before was there a chance as favorable to buy new, nobby Jackets for a song.

A SPECIAL IN SUMMER VESTS.

One case—forty dozen—Swiss Ribbed Vests, for this day only, at 20 cents, regular value 35 cents. In the finer grades of Balbriggan we will offer some special drives for this sale. A good article is our Gents' French Balbriggan Underwear, 50c. Same as is usually \$1.00, and Gents' Summer Weight at 25 cents. Children's gauze Underwear way down.

A LEADER IN HOSIERY.

Ladies' regular made hair line stripes at 15c, value 25 cents. Ladies' Brilliant Lisle Thread at 30 cents value 50c. Gents' Fine Cotton and Lisle Thread Socks at 33 cents, value 50 cents. An immense show Children's Fine Hosiery on our 15, 20 and 25 cent lines, well worth seeing. Infants' Fancy Stripe Hose, size 4, 4 1/2, 5 and 5 1/2—we offer them as a flyer at 2 cents a pair. All through our Hosiery department we will show special things at special prices.

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

On this subject we have been silent, and for what reason? The rush. Ever since we opened this department it has been almost impossible to turn out the work, although we engaged all the first-class help available the first of the season. With recent additions we are now able to turn out all work on time. We always show the most attractive line of Millinery Novelties in the city at our popular low prices.

Mail Orders will receive prompt attention

ARCHIE REID.

THE STAR SHIRT WAIST. THE STAR FLANNEL SHIRT. THE BEST MADE. A COMPLETE LINE FOR SALE BY T. J. ZEIGLER! SQUARE DEALING CLOTHIER HATTER And Gents' Furnisher Smith's Block.

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DON'T FORGET! THAT Wednesday, JUNE 20 is Market Day! AT JANESVILLE.

It you want to sell a horse or cow or any other animal, come to the market. If you want to buy stock of any kind, come to the market. If you want to buy or sell produce or farm machinery, come to the market. If you want to buy a buggy or carriage at your own price, come to the market.

Stalls and sheds for stock will be provided near the Park hotel, on the east side, and at the Central hotel on Franklin street and on River St., on the west side, FREE of charge to patrons of the market. Chutes for unloading stock from wagons will also be provided at each place.

Parties coming to the market will have an opportunity to take in the June meeting of the Northwestern Trotting Association which begins Tuesday, June 19th.

WE MAKE SUITS TO ORDER By men tailors for \$25. The largest line of piece goods to select from in Rock County.

Kneft, Allen & Co. 19 East Milwaukee St.

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**COAL COAL**

[illegible]

clock upon application.

All coal delivered at night house and jail to be taken on of carts by John Pichever, weigh master, at the expense of the county and a weight ticket to be given to each cart.

When each load is delivered.

A written guaranty accompanying proposals required in the sum of \$50.00, or in first class bonds, the bidder may deposit with the county clerk the sum of \$40.00 in money.

All bids to be returned to the clerk to unsuccessful bidders on award of contract, and to successful bidders when contract is entered into. All bids to be returned to the clerk of the county at the time of the opening of the contract first executed and delivered.

All bids must be stated in writing and figures be written in ink, and the name of the bidder in plain or mace from which coal offered is taken otherwise they will not be considered.

All bids to be opened in the presence of the clerk and the county supervisors of Rock County, Wis.

The committee appointed by the county board have the honor to reject any or all bids.

Address all bids to the undersigned, marked "proposals for coal." W. F. C. County Clerk.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—COUNTY COURT FOR  
MONROE COUNTY, WISCONSIN.

Whereas, it is hereby given that at a special

The petition of Robert Cairns, for the adjustment and allowance of his account as executor of the last will and testament of William Nisbet, late of the city of Janesville, in said county deceased, and for the assignment of one of the heirs of said deceased, to

was deceased, entitled thereto.—Dated June 7th, 1888.

by the Court J. W. SALE, Judge.

Jan<sup>2</sup>d/5w

**FORECLOSURE SALE**—**CREDITOR COURT HOUSE**  
**COUNTY**—**William T. Vaukirk** plaintiff vs.  
**Almon A. F. Hubbard, A. A. McCreary and**  
**Charles Hamilton** defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a judgment of the Circuit Court of the above entitled action on the fourth (4th) day of May, A. D. 1887, in the Circuit Court of the above named county and State of Wisconsin, in favor of the above named plaintiff and against the above named defendants, the day of Monday, the third (3rd) day of June, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the Court House in said county of Rock, of the city of Janesville, in said county of Rock, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the premises in said county of Rock, and mortgaged premises situated in said city of Janesville, county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:—

Lot one hundred and two (102) and one hundred and three (103) in Milwaukee's addition to Janesville, or such part thereof as may be necessary to give effect to said judgment with interest and costs of sale.

**SILAS WARD,**  
Sheriff of Rock County, Wis.  
Moun<sup>2</sup> M. B. ROYCE,  
Clerk of the Circuit Court, Janesville, Wis.  
Dated, May 6, A. D. 1888.  
may15d/5w

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS—COURT HOUSE OF WISCONSIN—CREDIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.**

Notice is hereby given that at a special and extra session of the Circuit Court of the County of Rock, at the Court house, in the City of Janesville, in said county, on being December 2nd, 1887, in the above entitled action, the following matter will be heard, considered and determined, to-wit:—

All claims against **ALBERT P. BENNETT**, late of the city of Janesville, in said county, at-  
tending to the said claims presented for at-

the city of Nashville, in the case before the 1st day of Dec. A. D., 1888, or be barred.

Dated March 8th, 1889.  
By the Court: J. W. SALE, Judge.



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